1. The questions will be of 100 marks. Each question will have 1 mark and 25 questions will have 0.25 marks each.

2. Read the questions carefully. The questions will be a mix of multiple choice and descriptive. The descriptive questions will be of 5 marks each.

3. Read the question carefully. For the multiple choice questions, options (A, B, C, D, E) will be given. Choose the correct answer.

4. For the descriptive questions, write a detailed answer. Use the words "बाह्यन" appropriately.

5. For the multiple choice questions, select the correct answer. For the descriptive questions, write a detailed answer. The time duration is 90 minutes.

6. There will be a total of 25 questions. Some questions will have multiple options. Read the question carefully and select the correct answer.

7. Don't rush through the questions. Take your time to read the question carefully and select the correct answer.

8. Remember to write your answers clearly and legibly. Use proper grammar and punctuation.

9. For the descriptive questions, write a detailed answer. Use the words "बाह्यन" appropriately. Take your time to write a detailed answer.

10. For the multiple choice questions, select the correct answer. For the descriptive questions, write a detailed answer. The time duration is 90 minutes.
1. If ‘PAPER’ is coded ‘QCSIW’, then ‘EXAMPLE’ is written as
   (a) FZDUQRL
   (b) FZQDURL
   (c) FZDQURL
   (d) FZQUDDL

2. Which is not the concern of the local government?
   (a) Public health
   (b) Sanitation
   (c) Law and orders
   (d) Public utility service

3. Which of the most suitable explanation about the Revolt of 1857?
   (a) The last effort of the old political orders to get back power
   (b) A spirited mutiny by Indian soldiers in the company’s army
   (c) An attempt to establish an Indian nation
   (d) None of the above

4. The death of millions of Indians in frequent famines during 19th century was mainly due to
   (a) Overall shortage of food and its improper distribution
   (b) Commercialisation of agriculture
   (c) Unremunerative agriculture and fall in agricultural production
   (d) Poor purchasing power of the people due to their extreme poverty and rise in prices
5. Gandhiji started Satyagraha Movement in 1919 is protest against the 
(a) Simon Commission 
(b) Champaran Wrongs 
(c) Enactment of Rowlett Act 
(d) Colonial Exploitation of India

6. Who started the 'Mysore Representative Assembly'?
(a) Dewan Rangacharlu 
(b) Dewan Seshadri Iyer 
(c) Dewan Purnayya 
(d) Sir M. Visveswaraya

7. Hyderabad – Karnataka region under Nizam of Hyderabad joined the Indian Union on
(a) 15th August 1947 
(b) September 1947 
(c) August 1948 
(d) September 1948

8. Atmospheric pressure is measured with
(a) Hydrometer 
(b) Barometer 
(c) Hygrometer 
(d) Altimeter

9. The technique of inducing rain from the cloud is called
(a) Cloud computing 
(b) Cloud control 
(c) Cloud engineering 
(d) Cloud seeding
10. Match the following:

A. Best conductor of heat 1. Gold
B. Most abundant metal 2. Lead
C. Most malleable metal 3. Aluminium
D. Poorest conductor of heat 4. Silver

A B C D
(a) 4 3 1 2
(b) 1 2 3 4
(c) 3 2 1 4
(d) 4 2 1 3

11. Freedom of the Press in India is
(a) Available to the people under the law of the parliament
(b) Specifically provided in the Constitution
(c) Implied in the right to freedom of expression
(d) Available under executive order

12. In which Part of the Constitution, the concept of welfare state finds association?
(a) Preamble
(b) Fundamental Rights
(c) Fundamental Duties
(d) Directive Principles

13. The procedure for the Amendment of the Constitution is laid down in which of the following Articles?
(a) Article 361
(b) Article 368
(c) Article 108
(d) Article 280
14. Gandhara school of art was deeply influenced by
   (a) Chinese
   (b) European
   (c) Hellenic
   (d) Roman

15. In which of the following places of Karnataka are cannot find the statue of Bahubali?
   (a) Dharmasthala
   (b) Shravanabelagola
   (c) Karkala
   (d) Udupi

16. If A + B means A is the daughter of B. A × B means A is the son of B. A − B means A is the wife of B. Then P × Q − S means
   (a) S is the father of P
   (b) Q is the daughter of S
   (c) Q is the father of P
   (d) None of the above

17. In an examination, 30% students fail in Maths, 25% in English and 15% in both the subjects. What is the percentage of pass?
   (a) 45%
   (b) 55%
   (c) 40%
   (d) 60%

18. If X, Y, Z can do a work in 10, 12, 15 days respectively, then X, Y, Z together can do the same work in
   (a) 3 days
   (b) 4 days
   (c) 5 days
   (d) 6 days
19. “Gorur Dam” is built across which river?
(a) Sharavathi
(b) Nethravathi
(c) Hemavathi
(d) Vedavathi

20. “Take off stage” in an economy means
(a) Steady growth begins
(b) Economy is stagnant
(c) Economy is about to collapse
(d) All controls are removed

21. Inflation implies
(a) Rise in budget deficit
(b) Rise in money supply
(c) Rise in general price index
(d) Rise in prices of consumer goods

22. Economic survey is published by
(a) Ministry of Finance
(b) Planning Commission
(c) Govt. of India
(d) Indian Statistical Institute

23. “Integrated Food Park” inaugurated by Prime Minister Narendra Modi is located in
(a) Tumkur
(b) Hassan
(c) Davangere
(d) Dharwad
24. The only state in India that produces saffron is
   (a) Assam
   (b) Himachal Pradesh
   (c) Jammu and Kashmir
   (d) Meghalaya

25. In the Constitution of India promotion of International peace and security is included in the
   (a) Preamble to the Constitution
   (b) Directive Principles of State Policy
   (c) Fundamental Duties
   (d) Ninth Schedule

26. Which one of the following diseases has been eradicated in India?
   Consider the following diseases.
   1. Diphtheria
   2. Chicken pox
   3. Small pox
   (a) 1 and 2 only
   (b) 3 only
   (c) 1, 2 and 3
   (d) None

27. Which one of the following contains Human body’s thermostat?
   (a) Pineal
   (b) Pituitary
   (c) Thyroid
   (d) Hypothalamus

28. Which one of the following diseases is caused due to deficiency of protein?
   (a) Kwashiorkor
   (b) Rickets
   (c) Beri-Beri
   (d) Scurvy
29. Which among the following countries was the earliest to give women the Right to Vote?
   (a) Iceland
   (b) India
   (c) New Zealand
   (d) U.S.A.

30. The oldest monarchy in the World is that of
   (a) Nepal
   (b) Saudi Arabia
   (c) Japan
   (d) UK

31. Solar Jung Museum is located in
   (a) Pune
   (b) Patna
   (c) Hyderabad
   (d) Kochi

32. Match the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Books</th>
<th>Authors</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. Oliver Twist</td>
<td>1. Charles Dickens</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. Gathering Storm</td>
<td>2. Thomas Mann</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. Death in Venice</td>
<td>3. Winston Churchill</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. Confessions</td>
<td>4. J.J. Rousseau</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   (a) 1 3 2 4 4
   (b) 4 3 2 1
   (c) 1 2 3 4
   (d) 4 2 3 1

33. Who is known as “Father of Karnataka Music”?
   (a) Kanaka Dasa
   (b) Purandara Dasa
   (c) Raghavanka
   (d) Sarvagna
34. What is the theme of 2017 World Environment Day (WED)?
   (a) Green Economy: Does it include you?
   (b) Raise your voice not the sea level
   (c) Connecting people to nature
   (d) Think-Eat-Save

35. Who has become the new Solicitor General of India?
   (a) Tushar Mehta
   (b) Pinky Anand
   (c) Ranjit Kumar
   (d) P. S. Narsimha

36. When is International Yoga Day is celebrated?
   (a) June 21st
   (b) January 21st
   (c) July 21st
   (d) May 21st

37. The bull – taming sport Jallikattu is typically practiced in
   (a) Karnataka
   (b) Andhra Pradesh
   (c) Kerala
   (d) Tamil Nadu

38. Which city is declared as the second capital of Himachal Pradesh?
   (a) Shimla
   (b) Manali
   (c) Dharamsala
   (d) Kasauli
39. Who wins the 2017 Australian Men’s Open Tennis Single title?
(a) Novak Djokovic  
(b) Rafael Nadal  
(c) Roger Federer  
(d) Andy Murray

40. Which film wins the Best Film Award in 2017 Oscars?
(a) Arrival  
(b) La La Land  
(c) Moonlight  
(d) Lion

41. India’s longest Tunnel, the “Chenani – Nashri Tunnel” is located in
(a) Himachal Pradesh  
(b) Tamil Nadu  
(c) Jammu and Kashmir  
(d) Karnataka

42. In which of the following place Ashok’s minor rock edict has been discovered in Karnataka?
(a) Halmidi, Hassan  
(b) Maski, Raichur  
(c) Mulbagil, Kolar  
(d) Hoskote, Bengaluru

43. Which one is the First State in India to shift financial year to Jan. – Dec. format?
(a) West Bengal  
(b) Bihar  
(c) Madhya Pradesh  
(d) Karnataka
44. The dynasty that succeeded the Chalukyas in Western India was that of
(a) Cholas
(b) Kakatiyas
(c) Pallavas
(d) Rashtrakutas

45. Alla-ud-din Khilji introduced ‘Market Reforms’
(a) To maintain a large army
(b) To administer his subjects well
(c) To ease the peasants living
(d) To remove mediators

46. 'Sufi' is derived from
(a) A type of garment
(b) A type of poetry
(c) A language
(d) The name of a place

47. Match the following:
A. Mirabai 1. Bengali
B. Tyagaraja 2. Hindi
C. Chandidas 3. Telugu
D. Purandaradas 4. Kannada

48. The word 'Mansab' stood for
(a) A rank
(b) An office
(c) A piece of land
(d) A grade of pay
49. At a farewell party of 60 students, each student shakes hand with every other student. How many total handshakes will be?
   (a) 3540
   (b) 1770
   (c) 3600
   (d) 3000

50. If INDIA is written as 95491, then DELHI will be written as
   (a) 45389
   (b) 45489
   (c) 45498
   (d) 45398

51. Statement 1: All flowers are thorns.
    Statement 2: All thorns are leaves.
    If the above statements are true.
    (a) All flowers are leaves
    (b) All leaves are thorns
    (c) All leaves are flowers
    (d) All thorns are flowers

52. Harish is older than Rama, Ashok is younger to Rama, Suresh is not older than Ashok, then which is true?
    (a) Harish and Ashok are of the same age
    (b) Suresh and Rama are of the same age
    (c) Suresh is the youngest
    (d) Ashok is older than Harish

53. The term that comes next in the arrangement of letters given below.
    YEB, WFD, UHG, SKI, __
    (a) QGL
    (b) QOL
    (c) TOL
    (d) QNL
54. Certain measures of Dalhousie created serious discontent in India which were also responsible for the Revolt of 1857. Which of the following was not one of them?
(a) Doctrine of lapse
(b) Introduction of railways and telegraphs
(c) Abolition of titles and pensions of several rulers
(d) Educational reforms

55. Who among the following is known for his introduction of a new calendar, a new system of coinage and new scales of weights and measures?
(a) Murshid Quli Khan
(b) Tippu Sultan
(c) Nizam-ul-Mulk
(d) Saadat Khan

56. The Mughal ruler Bahadur Shah II was exiled by the British and sent to
(a) Pune
(b) Andaman and Nicobar
(c) Mandalay
(d) Hyderabad

57. Which of the following was a revolutionary who later turned into a Yogi and a Philosopher?
(a) Balgangadhar Tilak
(b) Aurobindo Ghosh
(c) Lala Lajpat Rai
(d) Agarkar

58. The Bardoli Satyagraha was led by
(a) Rajendra Prasad
(b) Vallabhbhai Patel
(c) Morarji Desai
(d) Mahatma Gandhi
59. The weight of a human body is
   (a) Same at every place on earth
   (b) Maximum at the poles
   (c) Maximum at the equator
   (d) More on the mountains than the plains

60. Which one of the following is the unit of activity of a radioactive source?
   (a) LUX
   (b) Becquerel
   (c) Tesla
   (d) Siemens

61. Acid rain is caused by the pollution of environment by
   (a) Carbon dioxide and Nitrogen
   (b) Carbon monoxide and Carbon dioxide
   (c) Ozone and Carbon dioxide
   (d) Nitrous oxide and Sulphur dioxide

62. In all biological compounds the most fundamental element is
   (a) Nitrogen
   (b) Oxygen
   (c) Carbon
   (d) Sulphur

63. Carbon dioxide is called a 'Green House Gas'
   (a) Its concentration remains always higher than other gases
   (b) It is used in photosynthesis
   (c) It absorbs infrared radiation
   (d) It emits visible radiation
64. Which of the following combination is incorrect?
(a) Kuvepuru – Ramayana Darshanam
(b) Girish Karnad – Tughlaq
(c) Shivaram Karanth – Yayathi
(d) D. R. Bendre – Naku Tanti

65. Famous Buddhist ruins in Karnataka are found in
(a) Manjinabad
(b) Halebidu
(c) Sannati
(d) Hampi

66. Match the following:
A. Mrichakatika 1. Sudraka
B. Gita Govinda 2. Jayadev
C. Mudrarakshasa 3. Visakhadutt
D. Rajatarangini 4. Kalhana

67. Match the following:
A. Rajasthan 1. Thora
B. Karnataka 2. Suisini
C. U.P. 3. Rauf
D. J & K 4. Yakshagana
68. Which of the following is called as a shooting star or falling star?
(a) Meteoroids
(b) Asteroids
(c) Planetoids
(d) Comet

69. The Tropic of Cancer passes through
(a) India and Iran
(b) Iran and Pakistan
(c) India and Saudi Arabia
(d) Iran and Iraq

70. Which country of Europe is known as the "Country of Lakes"?
(a) Finland
(b) Italy
(c) France
(d) Spain

71. Lakshadweep Islands are the product of
(a) Volcanic activity
(b) Wave action
(c) Sea floor expansion
(d) Reef formation

72. The river with highest tidal bore in India is
(a) Cauvery
(b) Mahanadi
(c) Hoogli
(d) Krishna

73. "Sleeping Buddha Hill" is located in the district
(a) Kalaburagi
(b) Yadgiri
(c) Mysuru
(d) Ramanagar
74. Central Food Technological Research Institute is located at
(a) Bengaluru
(b) Mysuru
(c) Mangaluru
(d) Tumkur

75. With which activity is the wall street in New York, USA associated?
(a) Banking and Finance
(b) Literary arts
(c) Defence
(d) Films

76. The power of the Supreme Court of India to decide disputes between the Centre and States falls under its
(a) Advisory Jurisdiction
(b) Appellate Jurisdiction
(c) Original Jurisdiction
(d) Writ Jurisdiction

77. Golden fibre refers to
(a) Hemp
(b) Cotton
(c) Jute
(d) Nylon

78. Consider the following statements.
1. Chikmagaluru is well known for sugar cultivation.
2. Mandya is well known as a coffee producing region.
Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
(a) 1 only
(b) 2 only
(c) Both 1 and 2
(d) Neither 1 nor 2
79. Which of the following structures of a plant is responsible for transpiration?
(a) Xylem
(b) Root
(c) Stomata
(d) Bark

80. Retina of the eye is comparable to which of the following parts of a traditional camera?
(a) Film
(b) Lens
(c) Shutter
(d) Cover

81. Continents have drifted apart because of
(a) Volcanic eruptions
(b) Tectonic activities
(c) Folding and faulting of rocks
(d) All of the above

82. Who amongst the following is the author of the book “Half A Life”?
(a) V.S. Naipul
(b) Mark Tully
(c) Deepak Chopra
(d) Chetan Bhagat

83. Who was known as “Lady with Lamp”?
(a) Sarojini Naidu
(b) Joan of Arc
(c) Mother Teresa
(d) Florence Nightingale
84. Who has won the 2017 Men’s Singles Indonesia Open Super Series Badminton Tournament?
(a) Parupalli Kashyap
(b) Prannoy Kumar
(c) Kidambi Srikanth
(d) Chetan Anand

85. Who has been appointed as the new Prime Minister of France?
(a) Edouard Philippe
(b) Bernard Cazeneuve
(c) Manuel Valls
(d) Michel Debré

86. The 14th Pravasi Bharatiya Divas held by which city?
(a) Delhi
(b) Kolkata
(c) Bengaluru
(d) Gandhi Nagar

87. Which team wins the Ranji Trophy final this year?
(a) Gujarat
(b) Railway
(c) Mumbai
(d) Delhi

88. Who was the Chief Guest of the official ceremony in the Republic Day in 2017?
(a) President of China
(b) President of France
(c) King of Qatar
(d) Crown Prince of Abu Dhabi
89. Which Indian Tennis star wins the French Open Mixed Doubles 2017 with Dabrowski?
(a) Leander Paes
(b) Rohan Bopanna
(c) Mahesh Bhupathi
(d) Somdev Dev Varman

90. In the month of June 2017 with which country, six Arab Nations cut all diplomatic ties?
(a) Yemen
(b) Egypt
(c) Libya
(d) Qatar

91. Who is named as the World's best player for 2016 FIFA?
(a) Neymar
(b) Lionel Messi
(c) Cristiano Ronaldo
(d) Luis Suárez

92. Central Government has made Aadhaar mandatory for opening bank accounts and for financial transactions of ₹ _______ and above.
(a) 50,000
(b) 75,000
(c) 1,00,000
(d) 1,50,000

93. Which Indian personality has been selected recently for France's highest civilian "Legion of Honour"?
(a) Amitabh Bachchan
(b) Salmaan Khan
(c) Soumitra Chatterjee
(d) Rajnikanth
94. **Match the following**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Palaeolithic</td>
<td>New stone age</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neolithic</td>
<td>Old stone age</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mesolithic</td>
<td>Copper stone age</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chalcolithic</td>
<td>Middle stone age</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) 2 1 4 3  
(b) 1 2 3 4  
(c) 4 3 2 1  
(d) 3 2 1 4

95. **Match the following**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
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<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Manusmrti</td>
<td>Secular subjects</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sutras</td>
<td>Explanatory notes on Vedic mantras</td>
<td></td>
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<td>Upavedas</td>
<td>Customs and rituals</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brahmanas</td>
<td>Code of laws</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) 1 2 3 4  
(b) 4 3 1 2  
(c) 2 1 3 4  
(d) 3 2 1 4

96. The language adopted to preach 'Mahayana Buddhism' was

(a) Sanskrit  
(b) Pali  
(c) Brahmi  
(d) Prakrit

97. ‘Vatapi’ was the capital of the

(a) Pallavas  
(b) Rashtrakutas  
(c) Chalukyas  
(d) Senas
98. Match the following:

A. Brahmo Samaj  
B. Ramakrishna Mission  
C. Arya Samaj  
D. Satya Shodhak Samaj  

A  B  C  D
(a) 1 2 3 4  
(b) 2 1 3 4  
(c) 3 1 2 4  
(d) 4 1 3 2

99. If Venus is brighter than Mercury, Mercury is not brighter than Jupiter, Jupiter is brighter than Venus but not brighter than Pluto, which of these is the brightest?

(a) Jupiter  
(b) Mercury  
(c) Venus  
(d) Pluto

100. Out of the total population of 5000 in a village men increase by 10% and women by 15% and thus the total population becomes 5600 in a year. What is the number of men?

(a) 2000  
(b) 3000  
(c) 4000  
(d) 2500
Question Paper

CPC-HK – 2017


Instructions to Candidates

Maximum Marks: 100
Time : 90 Minutes

1. The question paper contains 100 questions. All questions carry equal marks. Each question carries 1.00 marks. 25% marks will be deducted i.e., 0.25 for every wrong answer.

2. Please enter your application number, roll number and the serial number of the question paper in appropriate boxes of your answer sheet. Also ensure that your left hand thumb impression is affixed on the OMR sheet. Your signature and your room Invigilator’s signature should be there on the OMR answer sheet.

3. Write down clearly the Question Booklet version code (A, B, C, D or E) as the case may be in the appropriate space provided for the purpose in the OMR Answer Sheet.

4. Please mark your answers only on the OMR answer sheet provided. Use Black or Blue Ball Point Pen only. Candidates can take a copy of their answer sheet with them after the examination.

5. Overwriting, marking multiple answers will be considered as wrong answers and 25% i.e., 0.25 marks will be deducted for such answer. Leaving a question unanswered will get zero mark.

6. Candidates involved in copying, discussion with other candidates and other disruptive activities will be ‘debarred’ from the examination.

7. Mobile Phone, Calculators, Pager or any such gadget will not be allowed inside the examination hall.

8. Doubts regarding any question / answer in the booklet may be checked with the English version for clarification. Candidates are not allowed to leave the examination hall till the examination is over.

9. Any mistakes in the question paper like printing mistake, pages being interchanged, repetition of questions, any page missing or any other discrepancies may immediately be informed to the room Invigilator and clarified or correct question paper taken. Candidates should get clarification of such mistake in the examination hall itself otherwise candidates would be held responsible.

10. Immediately after the Final Bell indicating the completion of the examination, stop making any further marking in the OMR Answer Sheet. You are instructed to remain seated at your place till OMR Answer Sheets of all the candidates present in the hall are collected by the Invigilator and further you can leave the examination hall as permitted by the Invigilator.